

Viewpoints Research Ltd.

National Survey of CUPE Library Workers' Employment Precarity
September 2017



*In 2013, a joint university-community research project was undertaken by McMaster University and United Way Toronto entitled *Poverty and Employment Precarity in Southern Ontario* (PEPSO). The study explored the characteristics of employment in the GTA-Hamilton labour market. The PEPSO study's summary report explains:

"Social scientists have adopted the term 'precarity' to describe states of employment that do not have the security or benefits enjoyed in more traditional employment relationships. These precarious employment relationships are becoming the 'new normal' for many in our workforce...

...precarity has real implications for economic well-being and job security. But it also reaches out and touches family and social life. It can affect how people socialize, and how much they are able to give back to their communities. It can cause tensions at home." ¹

The PEPSO study concluded precarious employment is increasing, and crosses all social and income categories. People in precarious employment earn less and face more uncertainty. Precarious employment has harmful effects on individuals, families and community life, and makes it more difficult to raise children. It both limits and enables community connections.²

^{1/8 2} It's More than Poverty: Employment Precarity and Household Well-being (Summary Report), Wayne Lewchuk et al., PEPSO Research Group, February 2013.

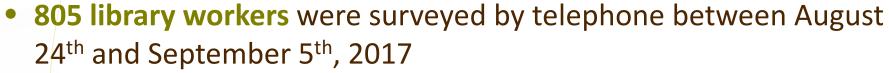
CUPE-SCFP | Canadian Union of Public Employees Syndicat canadien de la fonction publique

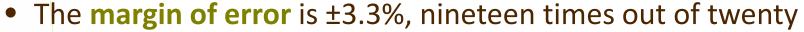
On behalf of *CUPE National*, Viewpoints Research undertook a nation-wide **employment precarity study** with CUPE members who are library workers.

Viewpoints developed a survey which included most of the questions from the 2013 *Poverty and Employment Precarity in Southern Ontario (PEPSO)* study* and developed a sample frame to ensure a representative sample of CUPE library workers were invited to participate in the research.



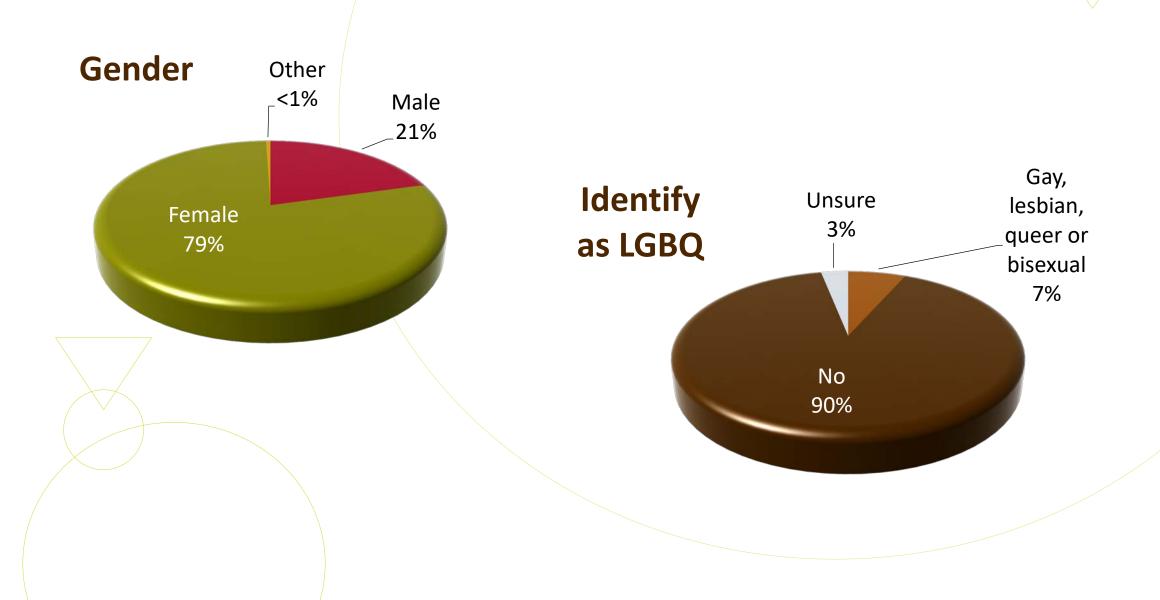
METHODOLOGY

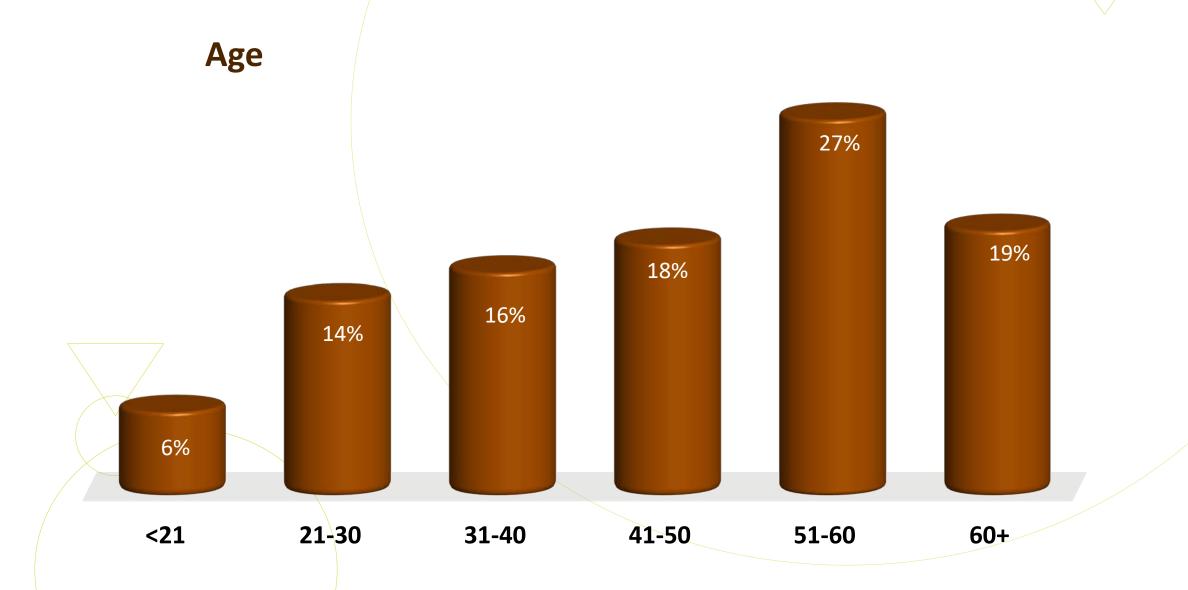




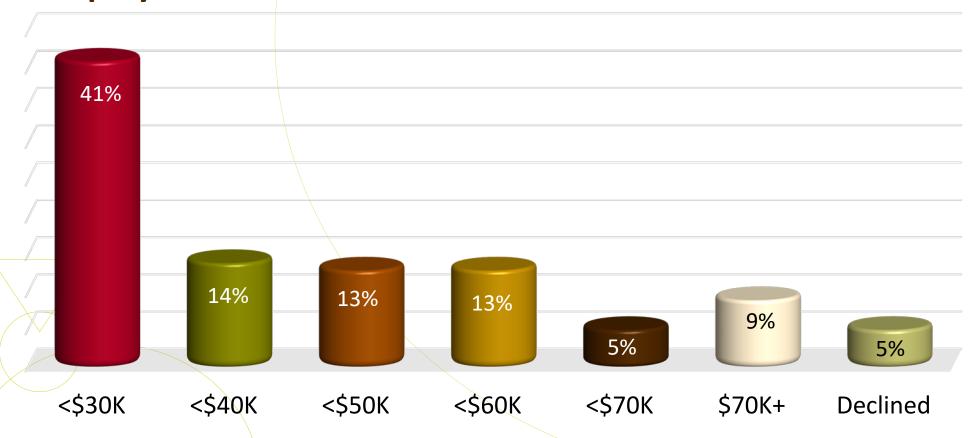
• A representative sample of library workers was drawn based on the sample received from CUPE locals. Quotas were set by province and bargaining unit size. The final results do not give a complete picture of all CUPE librarians as Viewpoints did not receive any sample from locals with 500 to 999 members. The only provinces with this sized unit are Alberta, BC and Ontario. These provinces are well-represented by members in locals with a small (<100), medium (100-499) and very large membership (1000+).

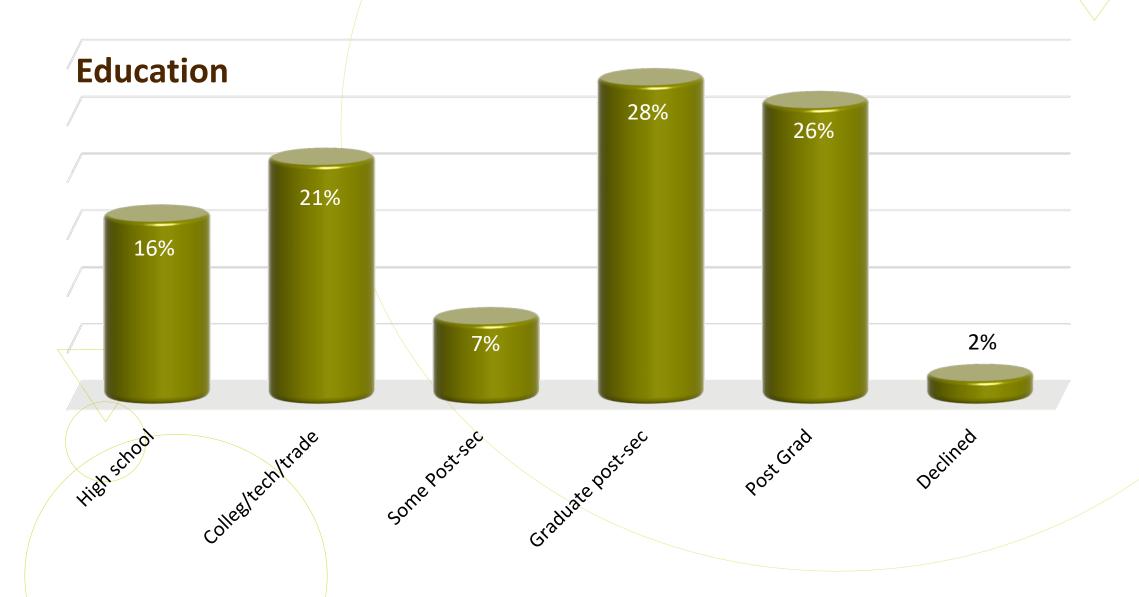




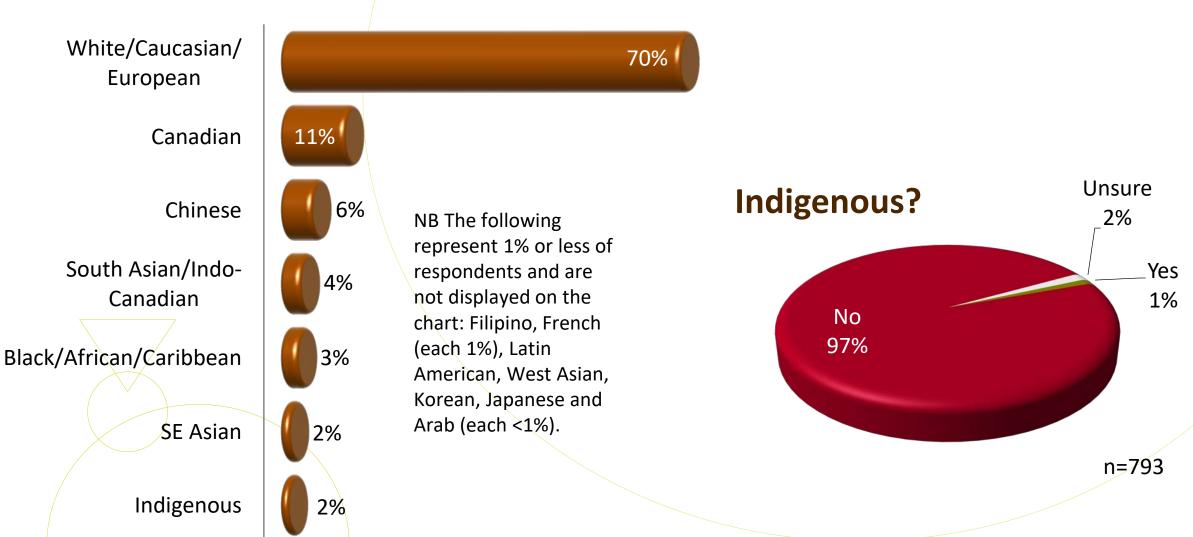


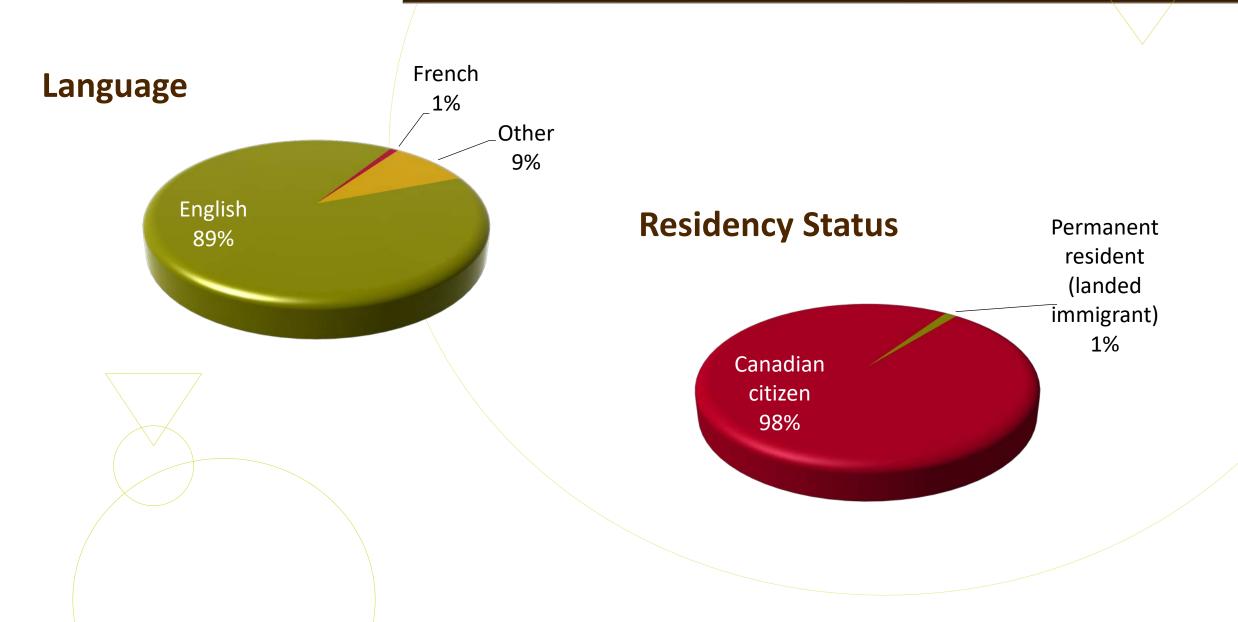
Employment Income

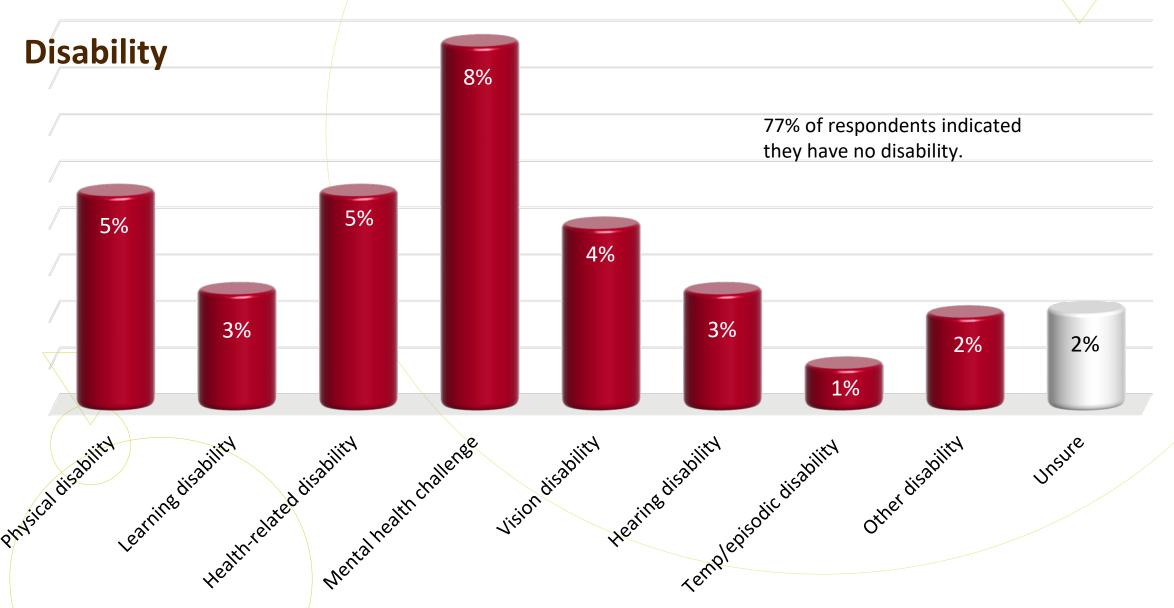




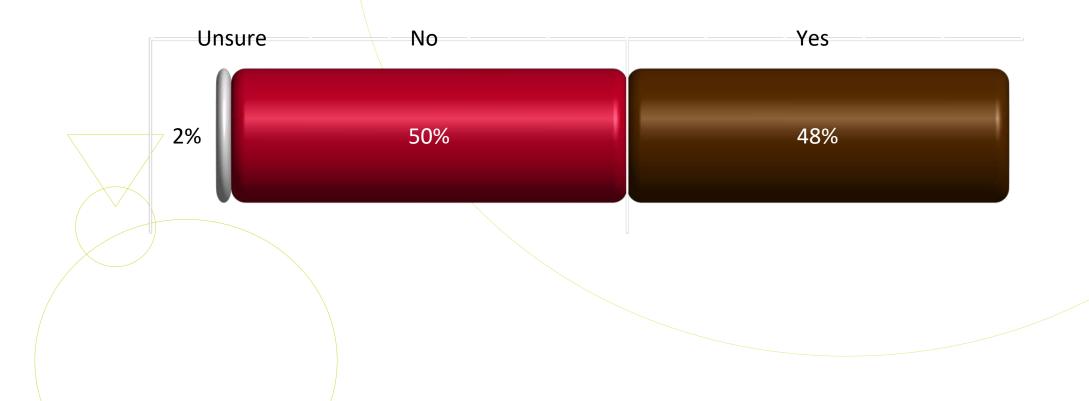
Racial Background

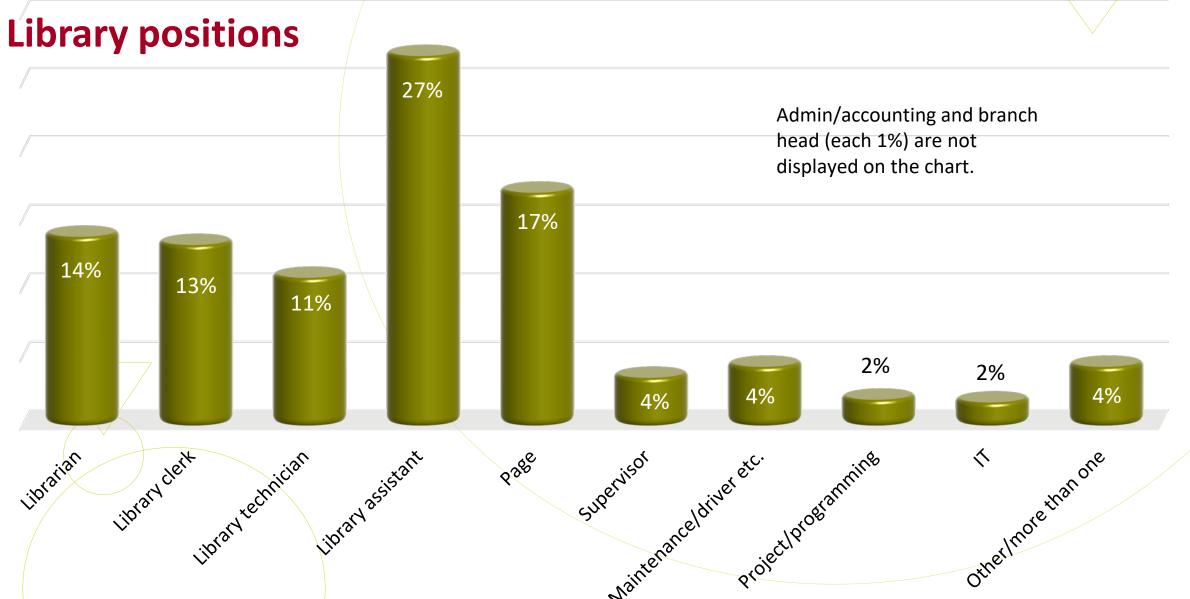






Fewer than half of library workers have a job they expect to still have in a year, that provides 30 hours/week and benefits





Permanent FT (30+ hrs/wk)

Permanent FT (hours vary, sometimes <30 hrs/wk)

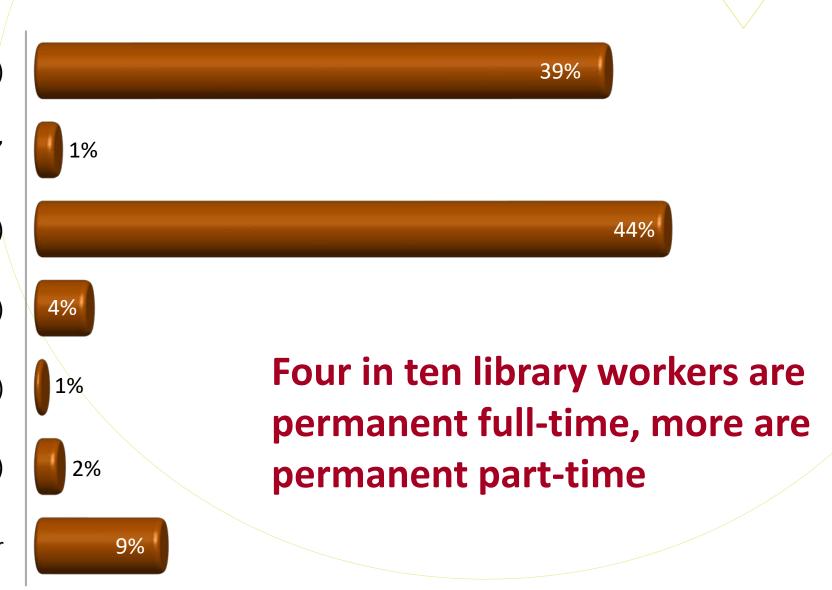
Permanent PT (<30 hrs/wk)

Temporary PT (<30 hrs/wk)

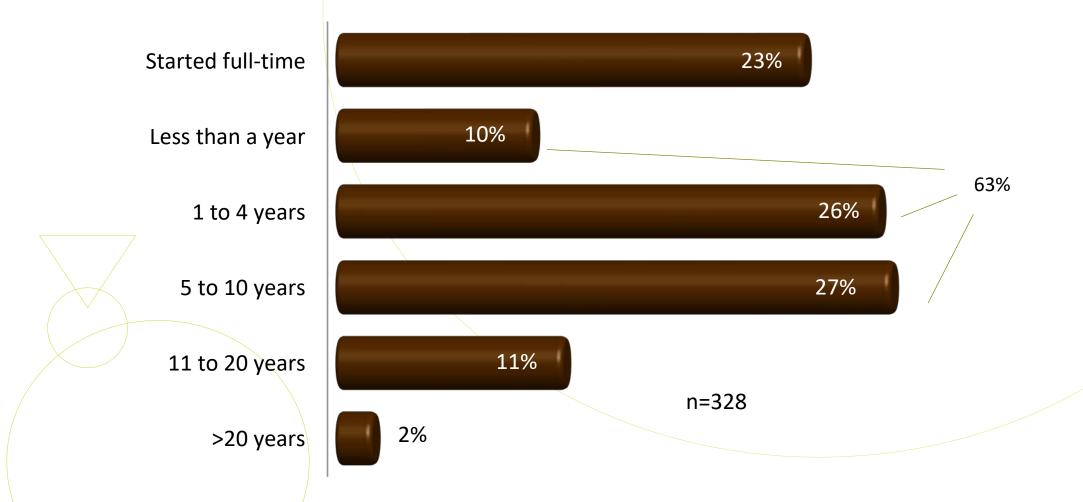
Fixed-term contract (I+ yrs)

Temp contract (<1 yr)

Casual/on-call/day labour

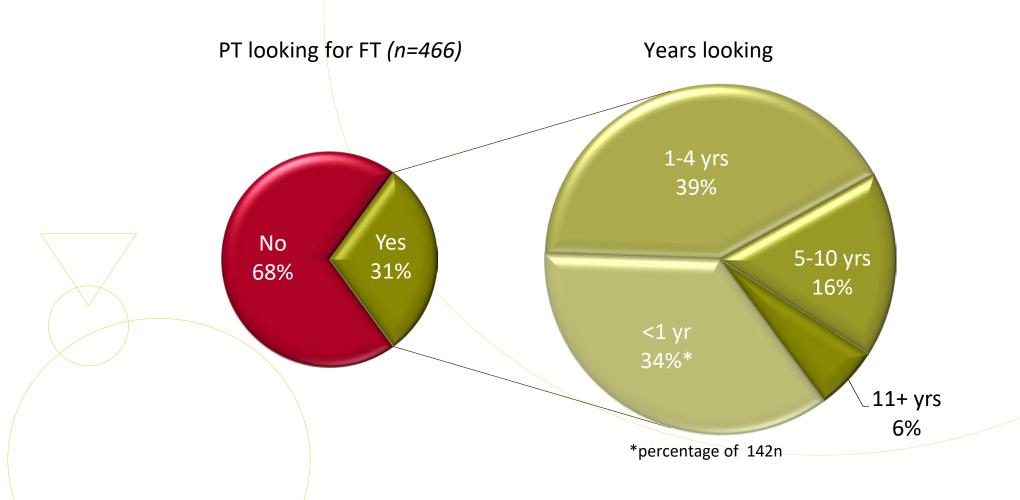


Six in ten library workers waited up to 10 years for a full-time position, one in eight waited longer



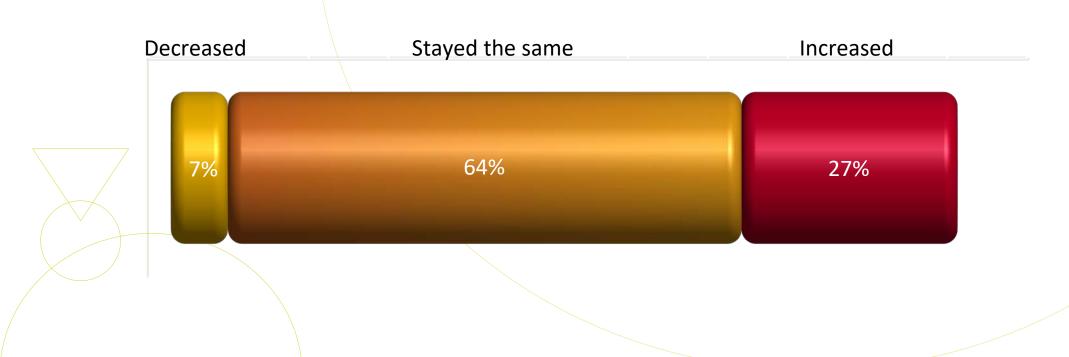
SEEKING FULL-TIME

Three in ten part-time library workers are actively seeking full-time library work. One in five of these has been looking for 5+ years.



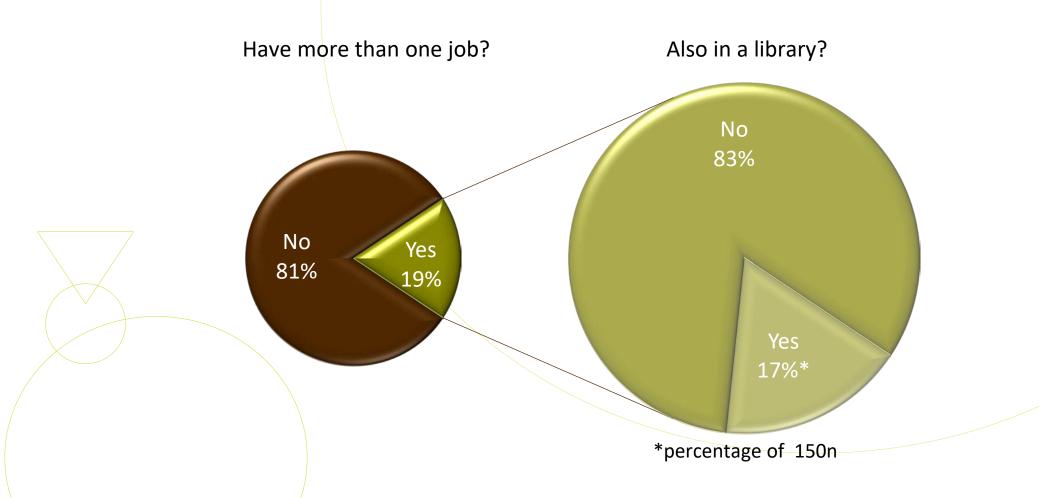
HOURS OF WORK

Library workers' hours are 4 times more likely to have increased than decreased in the past five years. Most have stayed the same however.



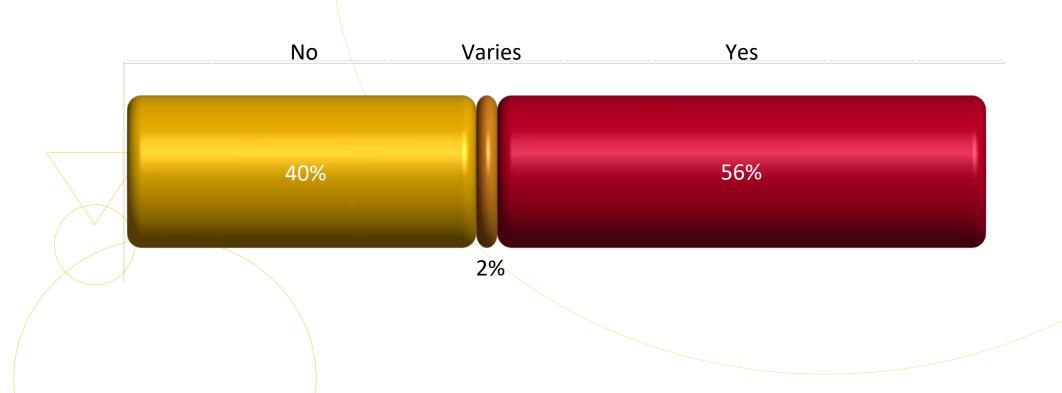
SECONDARY EMPLOYMENT

Almost two in ten library workers have a second job. Among those, about one in six has a secondary library job



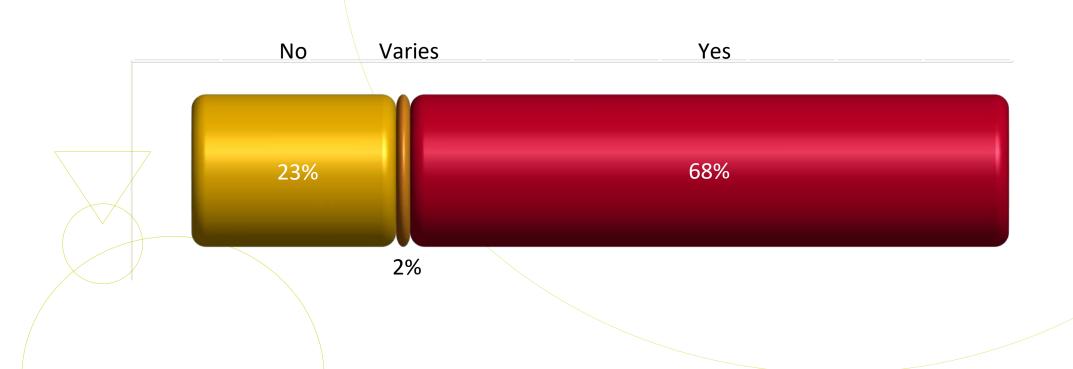
BENEFITS

Four in ten workers have no extended health or insurance benefits



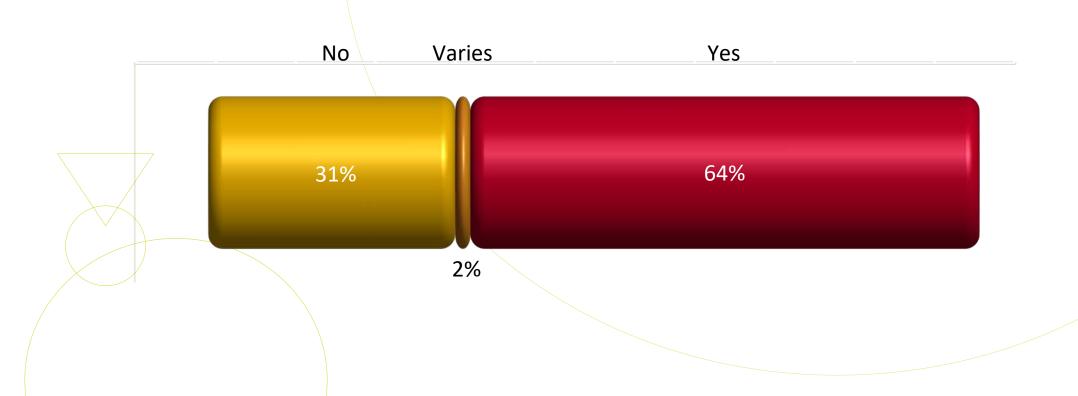
PENSION

Almost one in four workers have no employerprovided pension or RRSP plan



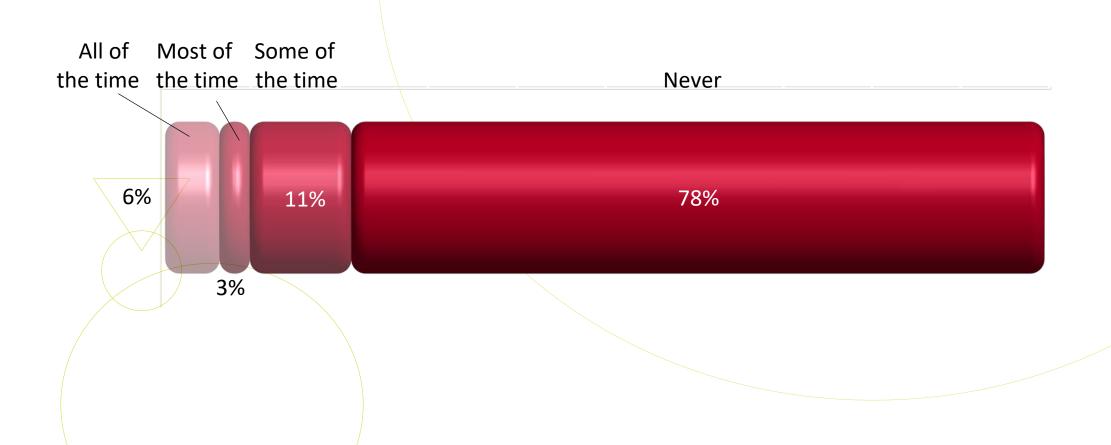
SICK DAYS

Three in ten library workers do not have paid sick days



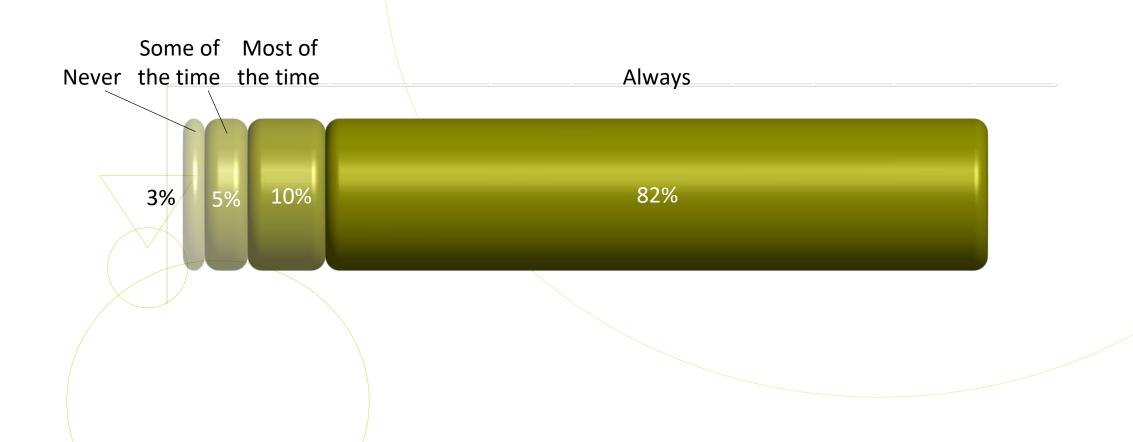
SCHEDULING

One in five library workers works on an on-call basis some, most or all of the time



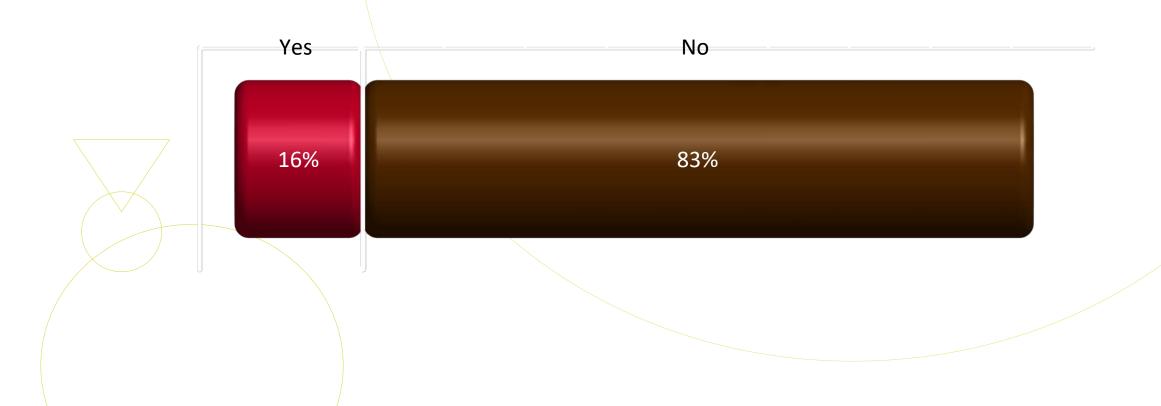
SCHEDULING

One in five library workers do not always know their schedule a week in advance



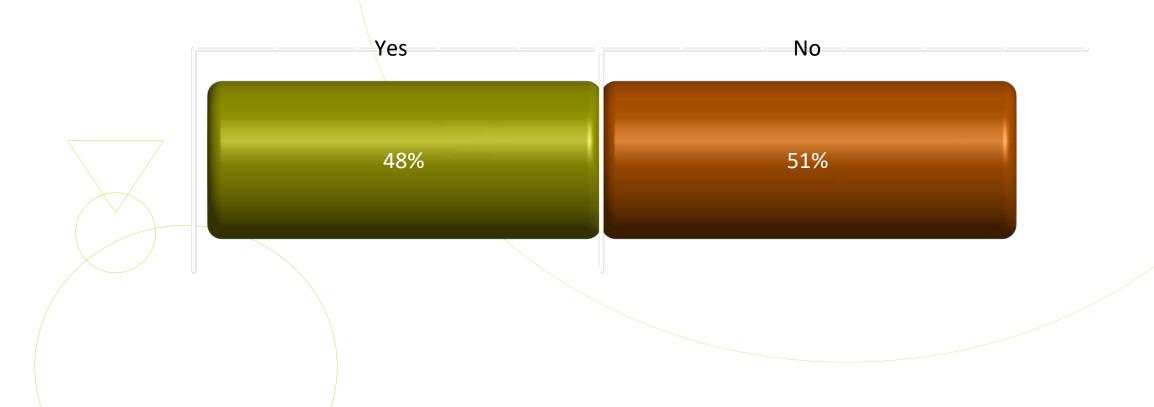
TECHNOLOGY

One in six library workers feel technology/other factors have reduced the level of skill required in their job, most do not.



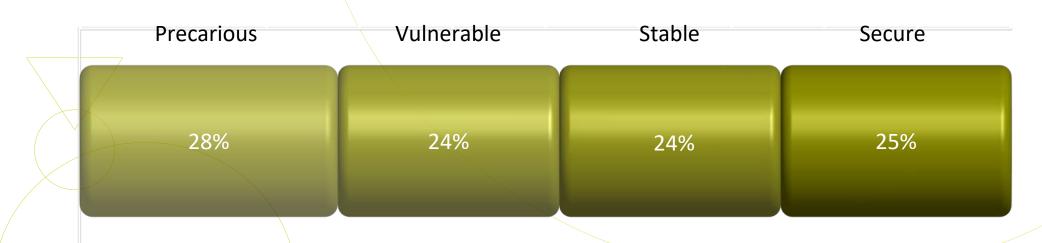
UNION INVOLVEMENT

Almost half of library workers have participated in CUPE union activities



EMPLOYMENT PRECARITY

Based on survey responses, members were divided into one of four employment precarity classifications: *secure*, *stable*, *vulnerable* and *precarious*. Almost half of members are considered *secure* or *stable*, one in four is considered *vulnerable* and slightly more are indexed as *precarious*



EMPLOYMENT PRECARITY

Precarious members are more likely to:

- work less than full time, on contract or in casual, on-call or temp positions
- earn less than \$40,000/year
- work as library assistants or pages
- have more than one job, and
- have a high school education.

EMPLOYMENT PRECARITY

Precarious members are more likely to:

- not be active in their union,
- be 40 years of age or younger,
- be women,
- be gay, queer or bisexual,
- live in BC or the west,
- have a physical or mental disability or condition,
- be racialized, or
- speak a language other than English at home.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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